STRUCTURAL CHANGE IN EUROPEAN CALF MARKETS: POLICY DECOUPLING AND MOVEMENT RESTRICTIONS

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GEORG-AUGUST-UNIVERSITÄT GÖTTINGEN

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- Reforms of the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP)
 - Discretion over timing and degree of decay member states
- FU beef sector
- Occurrence of Blue Tongue disease (B1 (animal movement restrictions)



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Interest:

Impact of structural changes on long-run price transmission in EU calf markets

Outline



- Background
- Data and Model Selection
- Results and Discussion

Fischler reforms

Before Direct payments per animal (coupled)

- Special premium for male bovine animals
- Slaughter premia for adult animals and calves
- Suckler cow premia
- National premia
- After Decoupling from production

 Single farm payment (SFP)

 National decision on date and de
- Effect Price decrease
 - Calves input for cattle lattening
 - demand for calves

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Effect Price decrease

- Calves input for cattle fattening
- Reduction of marginal value product & factor demand for calves
- Different national outcomes
 - ⇒ trade flows?

Reform implementation



Policy variable:

$$pol_{z}^{t} = 100 \left(1 - \frac{\text{premia payed by } Z \text{ in t}}{\text{average premia payed by } Z \text{ in base period}}\right)$$



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1000					734734
Year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
pol _{DE}	100	100	100	100	100
polFR	7	77	78	78	77
pol _{DE} pol _{FR} pol _{NL}	2	24	24	24	25

Table: Degree of Decoupling in %

Blue Tongue





Origin Sub-Saharan Africa/ Mediterranean region

Charact. seasonal non-contagious viral disease of ruminants ⇒ serotypes

Outbreak With global warming northwards

- August 2006: Southwest Netherlands
- Autumn 2006: Neighbours
- August 2007: Massive outbreak
 - ⇒ structural break?
- February 2008: Northeast Spain

Effects Reduced fertility and milk yields

Blue Tongue

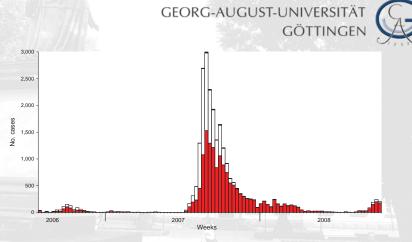


Figure: BT Outbreaks in Germany (Conraths et al., 2009)

Spatial Price Dynamics

- Law of One Price: $p_t^Y p_t^X = \tau_t^{XY}$
- Short-run deviations from equilibrium condition
- Cointegration analysis



- Market integration; flow of commodities and information.
 Trade flows
 - n-1 cointegration relationships for n markets

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- Market integration: flow of commodities and information
 - Trade flows
 - n − 1 cointegration relationships for n markets
- Price transmission: long- vs. short-run

Dataset

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- Post-2003 CAP reform data
- Country selection:
 - Germany (DE): large net exporter
 - France (FR): largest exporter and fourth largest importer
 - Netherlands (NL): largest importer
 - Spain (ES): second largest importer
- Weekly prices of young male calves (1-4)

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- Weekly prices of young male calves (1-4 weeks)
- Range: May 15, 2003 April 30, 2009 (310 observations)
- Policy variable
- Potential impact of BT

Price Data

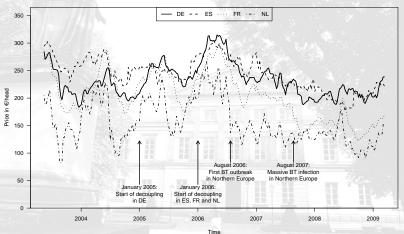


Figure: Weekly Calf Prices

Model Specification

- Lags: k = 2 (AIC)
- Dummy variable for the year 2003
- Seasonality: 52 weekly dummies (likelihood-ratio test)
- Forward backward range unit root test (FB-RUR) (Aparicio et al., 2006)
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Final model:

$$\Delta p_t = \alpha \beta' \left(p_{t-1}' \ const \ trend \ pol_{DE} \ pol_{FR} \ pol_{NL} \ d_{\text{Aug07}} \right)' + \sum_{i=1}^{2} \Gamma_i \Delta p_{t-i} + \text{seasonal dummies} + \epsilon_t$$

Unit Roots and Cointegration

Series	DE	ES	FR	NL
FB-RUR statistic	1.947	2.433	2.839	1.379***
Critical	values 59/	· 1 066 10	V 1 500	

Strong form of the LOP for ES NL and FR-NL

 Saikkonen-Lütkepohl cointegration test: 3(=n-1) cointegration relationships

German decoupling >> ES NL or

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- Over-identifying restrictions
 - Strong form of the LOP for ES-NL and FR-NL
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 - BT outbreak 2007 ⇒ DE-NL
 - Adjustment and short-run parameters (252): sequential elimination (Hannan-Quinn) ⇒ 28 exclusion restrictions

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 - Adjustment and short-run parameters (252): sequential elimination (Hannan-Quinn) ⇒ 28 exclusion restrictions
- Outliers: 11 ($|\hat{\epsilon}_t| > 3.3 \hat{\sigma}_{\hat{\epsilon}_t}$ as in Hendry and Juselius (2001))

Estimation

1	NL	Const	Trend	pol _{DE}	pol _{FR}	pol _{NL}	d _{Aug07}
ES	1.173*** 1.000 1.000	932*** .349*** .116	.002*** .002*** >-0.001	0007** 0022***	0 009** 013***	006** .023* .039***	0 135*** .014

Table: Cointegration Relationships of the Restricted VECM

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Coint. rel.	DE-NL		ES-NL		FR-NL	
DE	077***	[8.7]	0		.062***	[10.8]
ES	.062***	[10.8]	101***	[6.5]	0	
FR	.102***	[6.5]	0		128***	[5.1]
NL	0		.134***	[4.8]	0	

Table: Adjustment Coefficients of the Restricted VECM

Dynamic Analysis

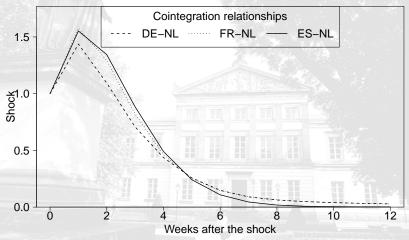


Figure: Persistence Profiles of the Restricted Model

Counterfactual Simulations

- Illustrate the effect of decoupling on the equilibrium prices
- Equilibrium prices of observed policy vs. hypothetical scenarios
- Multivariate system
- Choices of country's own policy and of other countries

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	Country	DE	ES	FR	NL
	Observed price (€/head)	200	246	196	145
Actual policy	Policy variable	100	7.5	7.5	1.6
	Equilibrium price (A)	151	156	198	-
Scenario I	Policy variable Equilibrium price (B)	0 163	0 162	0 254	0
	Ratio (A) to (B)	0.92	0.96	0.78	

Table: Scenario I - Fully Coupled Policies on January 1, 2005

Summary

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- Markets are integrated
- Long-run price transmission almost perfect
- Short-run price transmission very fast (5 to 11 weeks)

Decoupling: significant depressing effect on prices

- Fast absorption of system-wide shocks (4 weeks)
- Prices tightly interrelated in space

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 - Costs vs. benefits of member state specific policy reforms in an internal market
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Thank You!